

DID YOU KNOW?

- You can still see the platform upon which Lincoln stood to deliver the Gettysburg Address by visiting the cemetery at the Gettysburg National Military Park.
- Shortly after Shay's Rebellion, Thomas Jefferson, wrote, "And what country can preserve its liberties, if its rulers are not warned from time to time, that this people preserve the spirit of resistance?"
- You can visit John Brown's body (in a grave, of course) at his farm, now a New York state historical site located in North Elba near Lake Placid.
- *The Atlantic Monthly*, the magazine that first published the lyrics to Julia Ward Howe's *Battle Hymn of the Republic*, is still in existence today.
- Julia Ward Howe was very active in the women's suffrage movement, serving twice as the President of the American Woman Suffrage Association, an organization she helped found along with Lucy Stone.
- Julia Ward Howe was the first woman elected to the American Academy of Arts and Letters.
- The *Battle Hymn of the Republic* has been sung at many funerals, including those of Robert F. Kennedy, Winston Churchill, Ronald Reagan and Gerald Ford.
- The concluding words to Dr. Martin Luther King's final sermon before his assassination were from the *Battle Hymn of the Republic*. He concluded with the phrase, "Mine eyes have seen the glory of the coming of the Lord."
- The story of General Stonewall Jackson including his strong faith during the Civil War is told in the 2002 movie *Gods and Generals*.
- General William Rosecrans had the nickname of "Old Rosy."
- After the Civil War, General William Rosecrans remained active in political life, serving as a foreign minister to Mexico and as a register of the United States Treasury. He is buried in Arlington Cemetery.

- Before the Civil War, General Oliver Otis Howard taught mathematics at West Point
- General Oliver Otis Howard was injured twice during a skirmish at Fair Oaks and was forced to have his right arm amputated.
- The Abraham Lincoln Library and Museum is located at Lincoln Memorial University, a school founded by Oliver Otis Howard and others as a fulfillment of a vision by Lincoln for a college to serve those of Appalachian roots.
- Chief Joseph once said, "It does not require many words to speak the truth."
- The U.S. Christian Commission Museum, located in Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, is housed in the historic Jennie Wade birthplace. Wade, who was shot as she baked bread in the kitchen of her sister's home, was the only civilian casualty at Gettysburg.
- Delegates of the U.S. Christian Commission distributed close to one and a half million Bibles and over seven million pages of paper and envelopes for letter writing.
- Before the war, Mary Ann Bickerdyke had helped escaped slaves travel from Cincinnati to Dayton, Ohio on their way to freedom.
- Mary Ann Bickerdyke began her work in the military hospital at Cairo, Illinois and eventually served under General Ulysses S. Grant at the Battle of Vicksburg.
- After the war, Mary Ann Bickerdyke became a lawyer and dedicated her life to helping Union veterans receive their pensions.
- The Mother Bickerdyke Monument stands in the lawn of the Knox County Courthouse in Galesburg, Illinois. The town was Bickerdyke's home for over thirty years.
- Many of the Civil War reenactment scenes featured in the film were shot at Mill Springs, Kentucky during the 145th anniversary of the historic Civil War battle.